

#### Software Engineering Conference Russia 2018

October 12-13
Moscow

# Why microservices do not fly and how to help them to take off

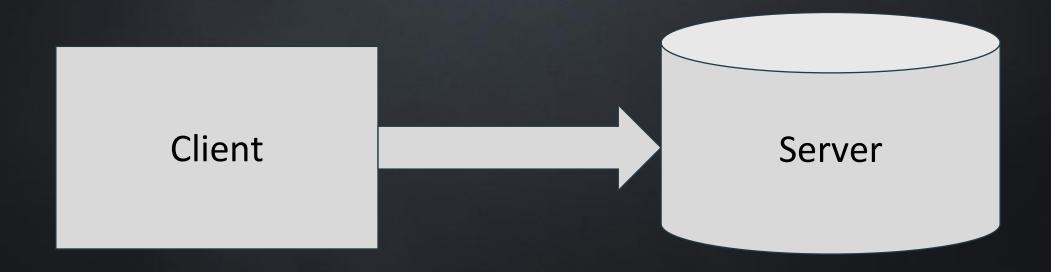
Alexandr Shcherbakov

Auriga, Inc



## Quiz

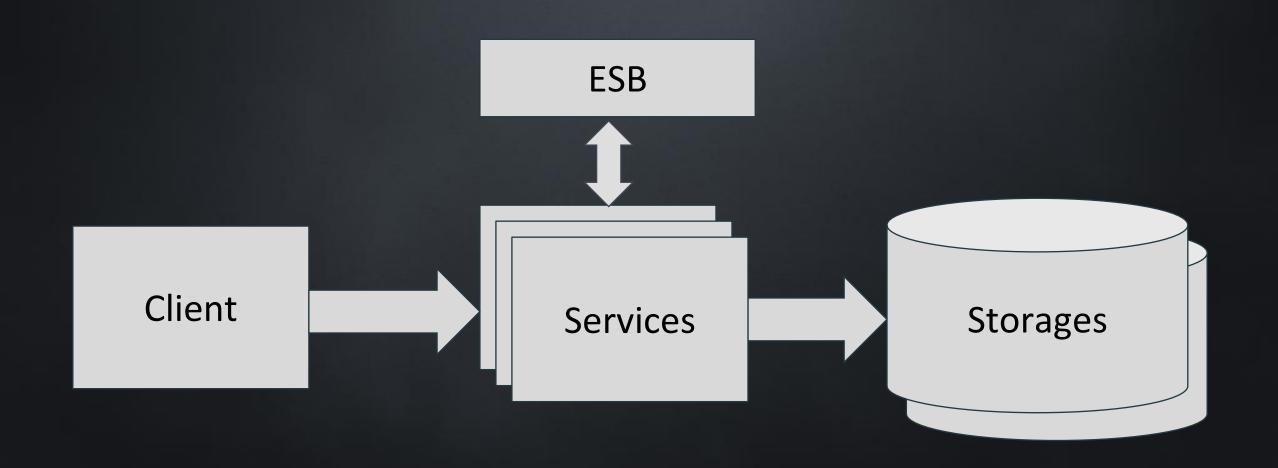
- Who has ever developed microservices architecture?
- Who has positive experience?
- Who has negative experience?



Classic client-server architecture



Multi-tier architecture



SOA

#### Nowadays typical case

- 1. We need a new enterprise system
- 2. We have the distribution network of clients
- 3. We have only 6 months for MVP and one year for first release, developing for the end of days.
- 4. But microservices are strongly required!

## Microservices are just services but...

- Domain splitting
- Independence
- Everyone has own storage

User service

**Profiles** 

Groups

Authorization service

**Profiles** 

Authentication

Groups

**Authorization** 

Authorization service

**Profiles** 

Authentication

**Customers?** 

Groups

**Authorization** 

**Business Units?** 

**Gladiolus** service

**Profiles** 

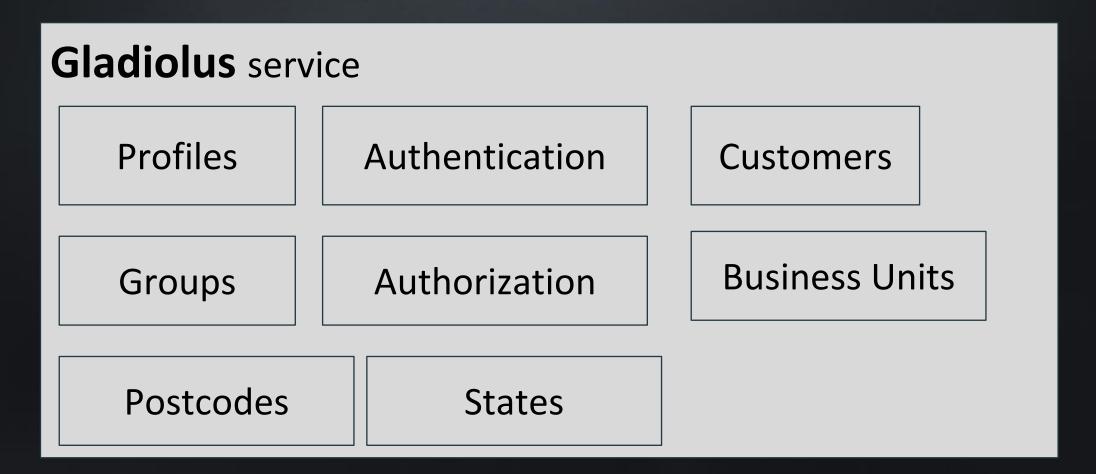
Authentication

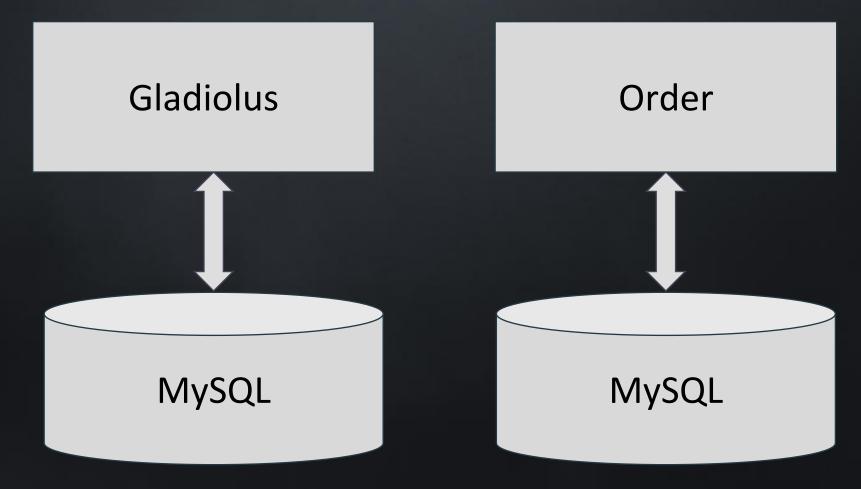
Customers

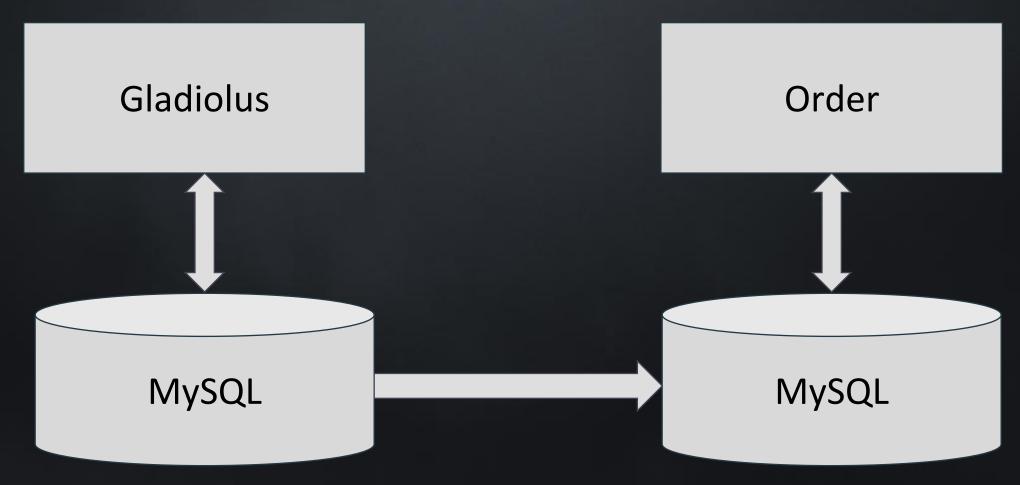
Groups

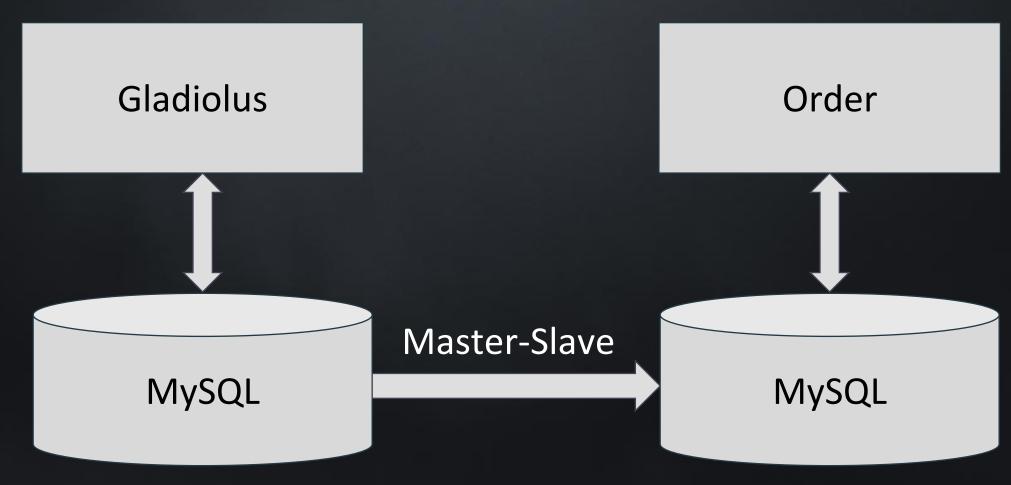
**Authorization** 

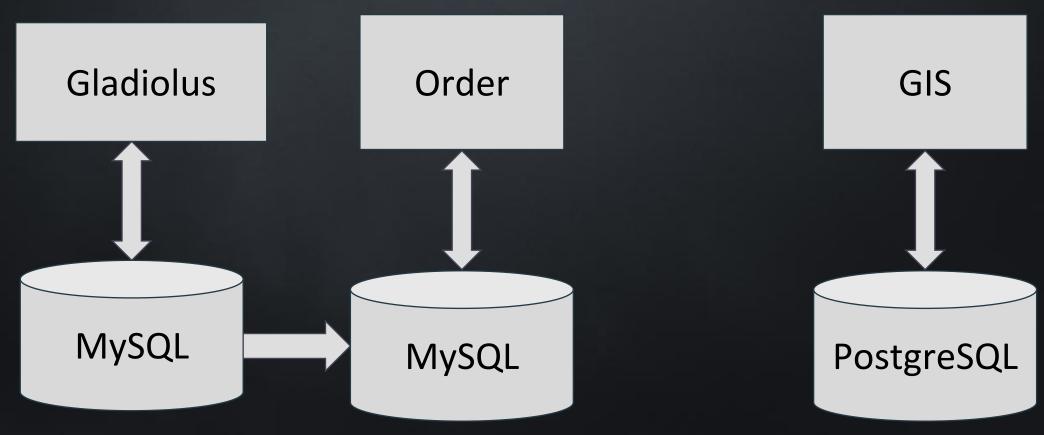
**Business Units** 

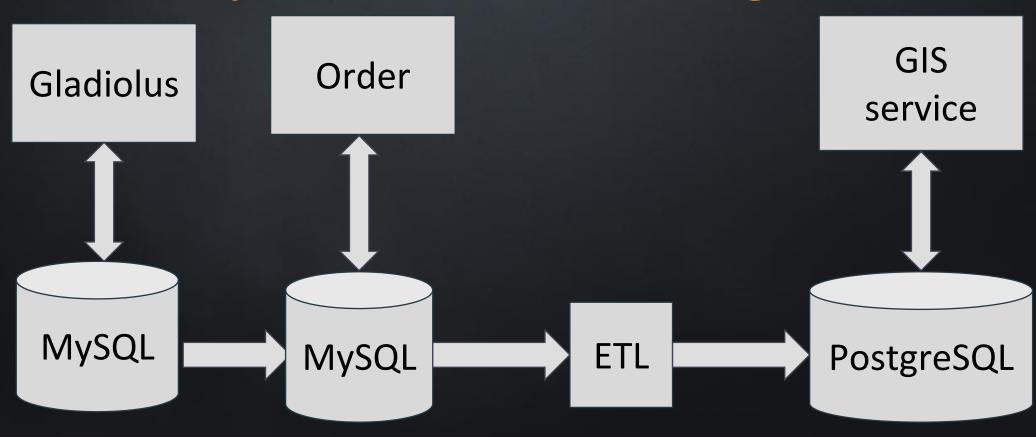








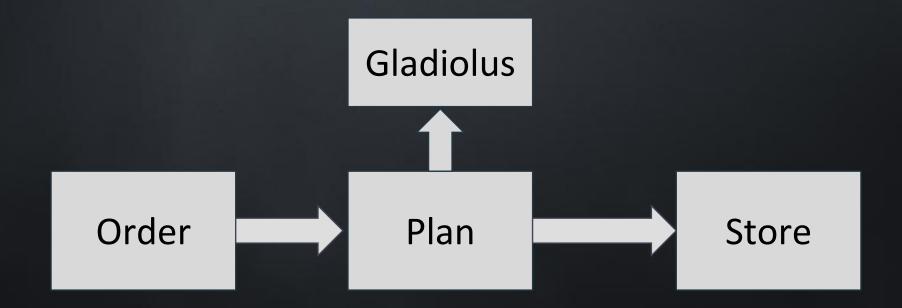




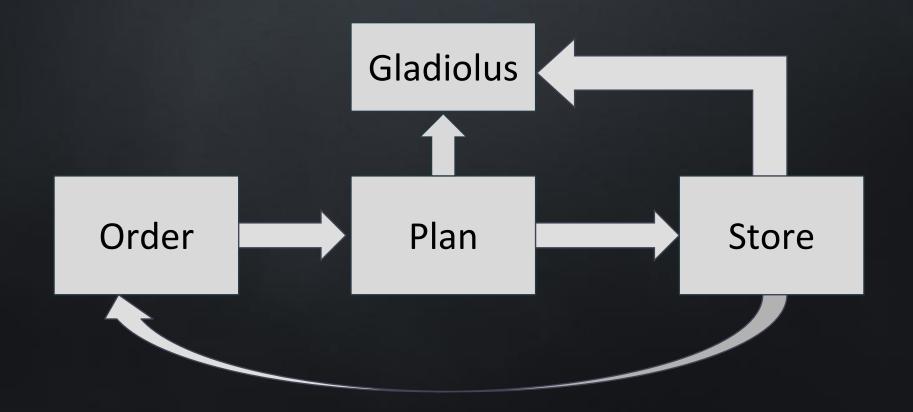
#### How to call a service?

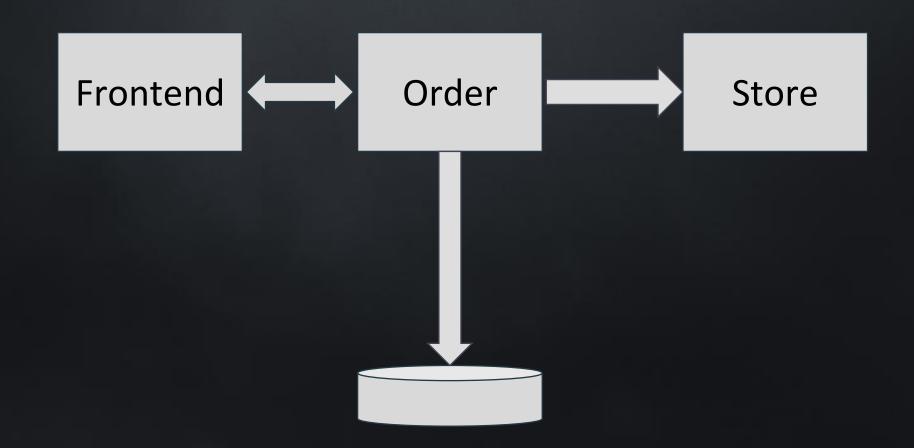


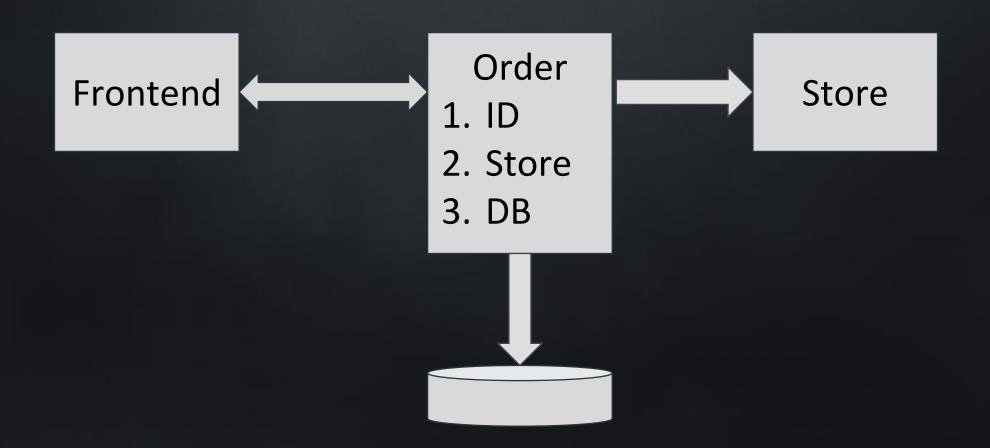
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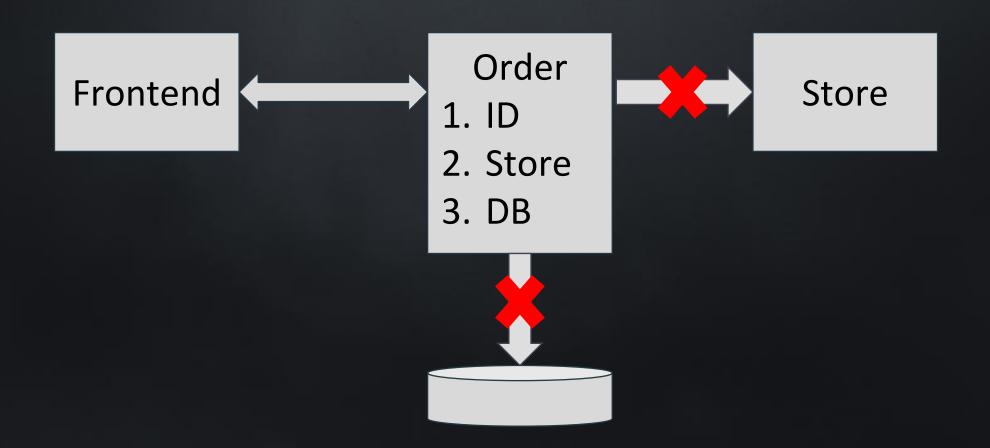


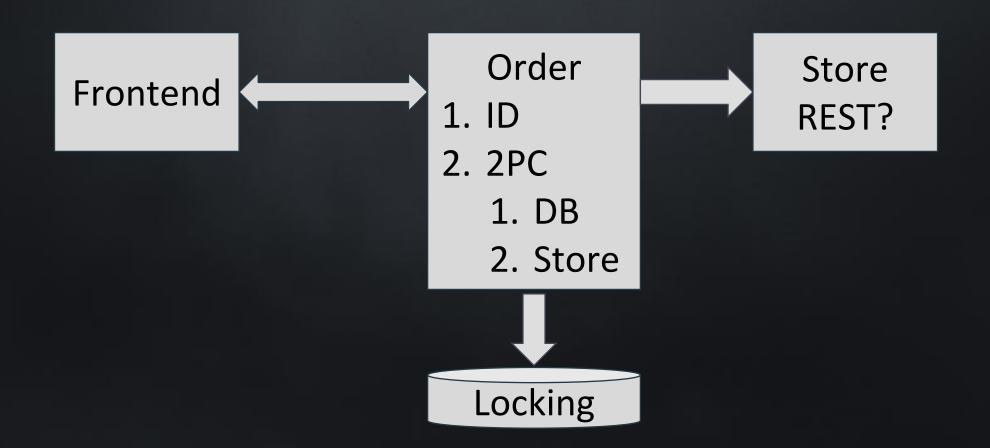
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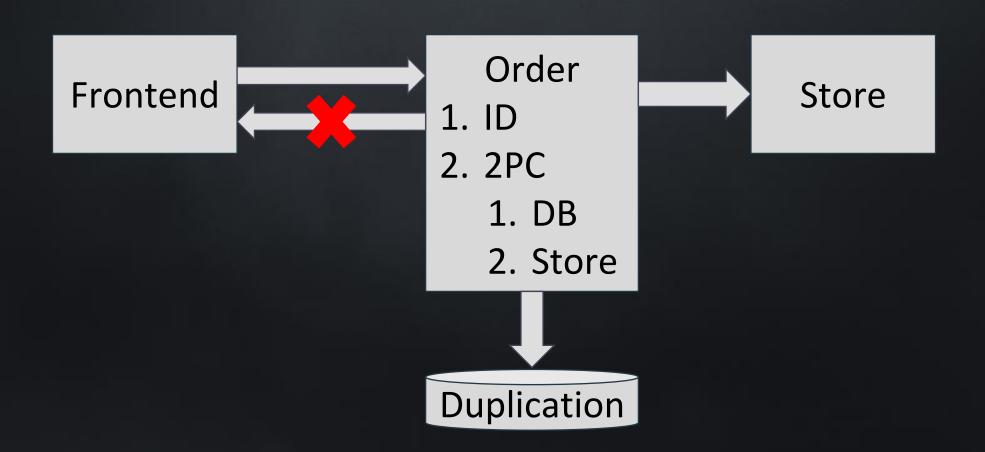




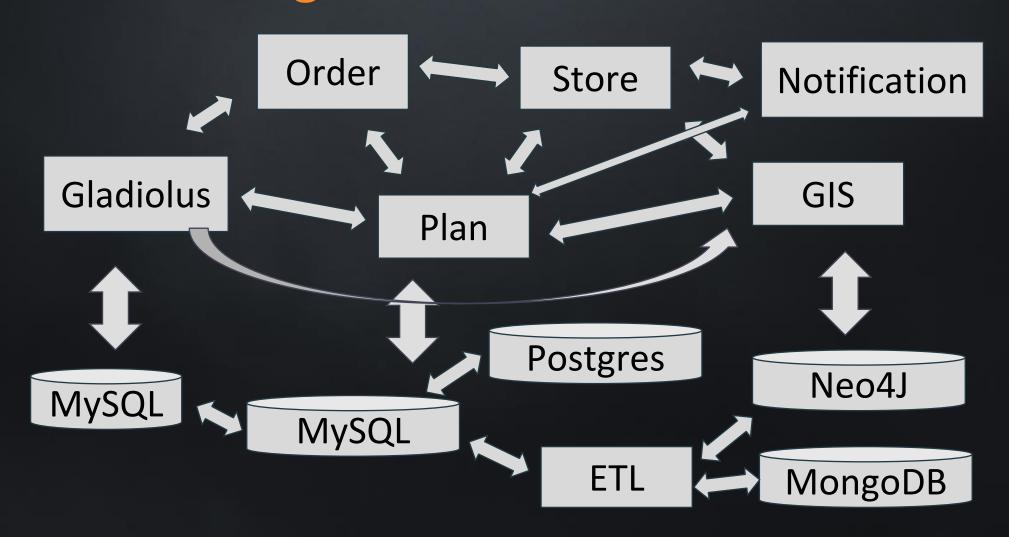








## How to design software architecture?



## How to change software architecture?



## Top 3 of microservices benefits

- Flexible scaling
- Flexible deployment and functionality
- Flexible development

## The key benefit of microservices architecture

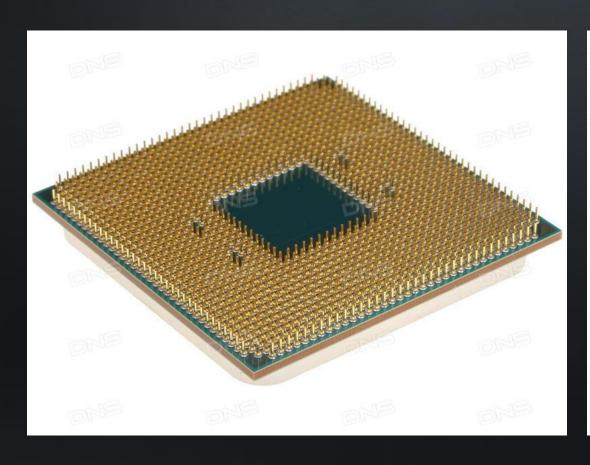
Flexibility!
Agile!

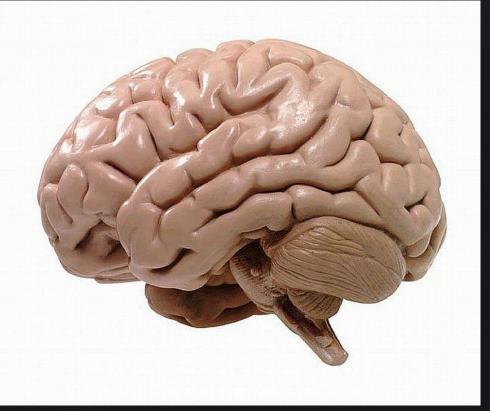
- Clear and hard logic.ACID
- Strong contracts and interfaces
- Integrity and normalization

- Soft and fuzzy logic.
   Eventually consistent
- Soft contracts and dependencies
- Data duplication and polymorphing



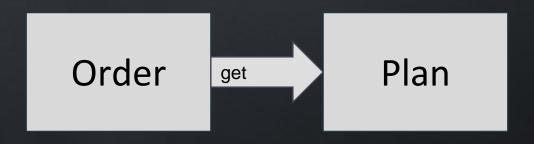




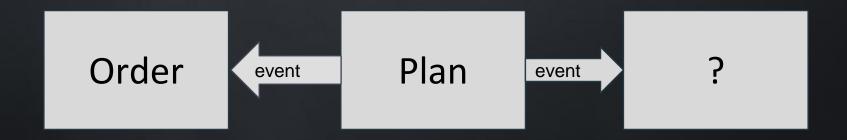


Microservices are weak but they can adapt to circumstances

## How to make components more independent



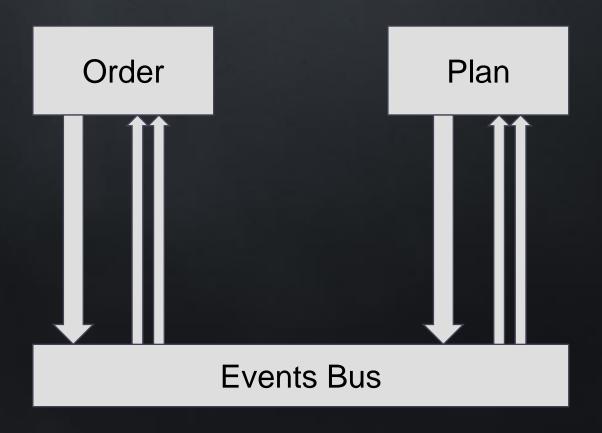
## The event driven design paradigm



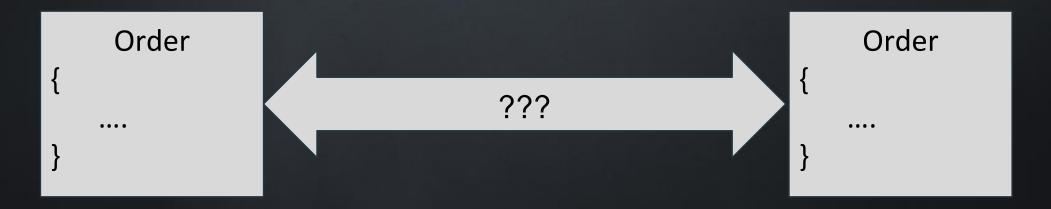
**Martin Fowler** 

https://www.martinfowler.com/eaaDev/EventCollaboration.html

## The event driven design for microservices



# The problem of distributed storage



- We are used to store the final state of data
- Microservices are distributed system
- But how can we reconcile the data in the distributed system properly?

# The problem of distributed storage

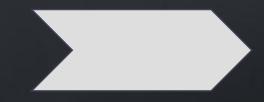
- Use the distributed transaction or 2PC (with locking and complexity)
- Use the event sourcing as a single source of true

Order Changed address

• • •

Order Changed state

**Order Created** 



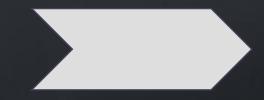
- Single source of true
- Immutable
- Atomic
- Compensation events

Order Canceled state

. . .

Order Changed state

**Order Created** 



Snapshot

...
Order Changed
state
Order Created

}

#### **Event storage**

- Event Log (file + index)
- DB Table + JSON
- NoSQL (Elastic, MongoDB)
- Kafka (with full persistence)

- M. Fowler.
   https://martinfowler.com/eaaDev/EventSourcing.html
- Chris Richardson. https://microservices.io/patterns/data/eventsourcing.html
- Sebastian Daschner. https://blog.sebastiandaschner.com/entries/event\_sourcing\_cqrs\_video\_course
- Jonas Bonér. http://jonasboner.com/articles/

# **Eventual consistency**

Or don't worry about the Strong Consistency and just take the Eventual Consistency

- In distributed system the data can be inconsistent anyway (Frontend - Backend)
- If you use the event sourcing you can't lose any data and all data will be consistent ultimately
- For critical transaction use the Soft Consistency(status changing or pending records)

#### The event bus as an environment

- Simple publisher-subscriber queue
- Capacity
- Persistency
- Performance
- Distributed

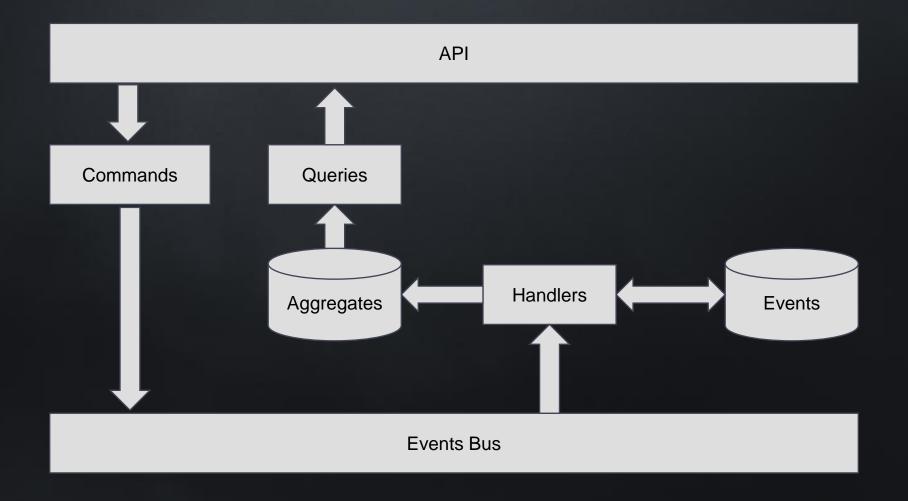
#### The event bus as an environment

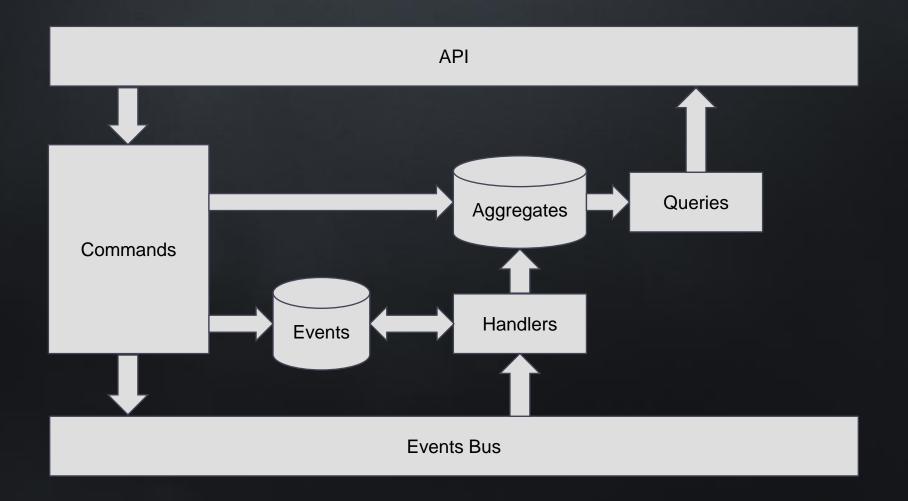
- Kafka
- RabbitMQ (but it's overuse)
- Amazon (SNS+SQS)
- NSQ

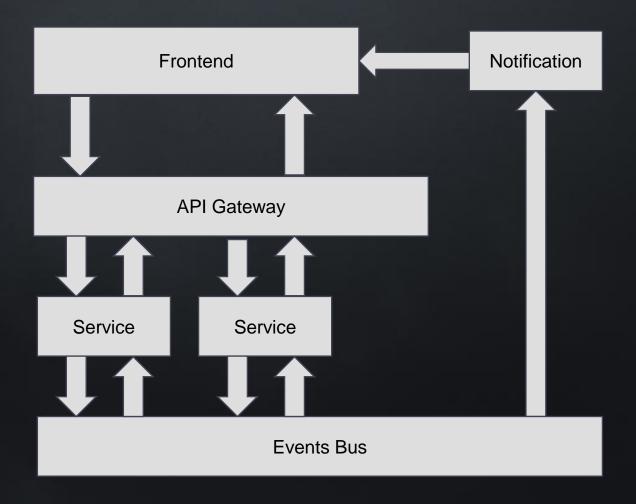
# What do we have for agile microservices architecture creation?

- The event driven design paradigm
- The event sourcing storage
- The event bus as an environment
- The eventual consistency instead of transactions

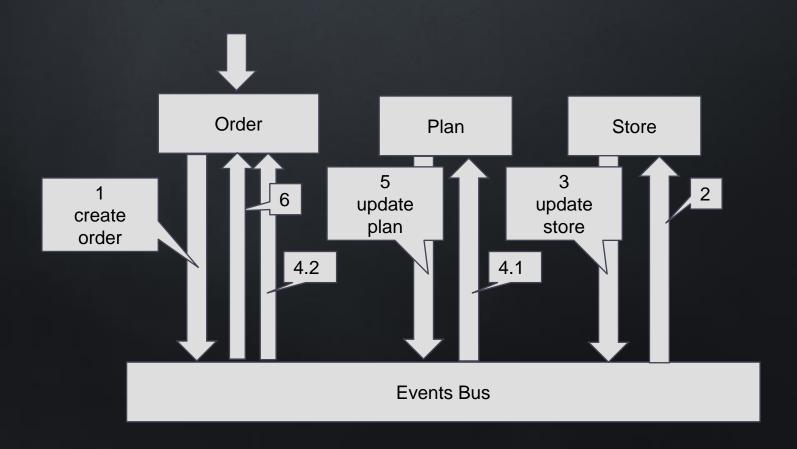
- CQRS
- Stateless
- Resources oriented API
- Event handling



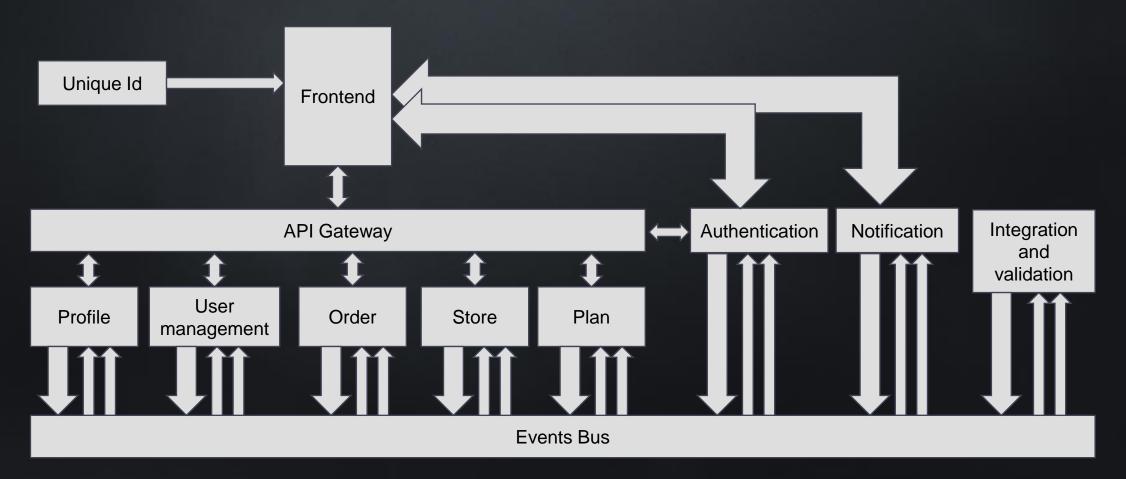




## Event driven microservices architecture



### Event driven microservices architecture



# Authentication and user management

- Use OAuth
- Frameworks: Spring, IndentyServer 4
- PaaS & SaaS: Auth0, Curity

https://oauth.net/code/

### **API** Gateway

#### The Facade of your microservices

- Authentication
- Authorization
- Data aggregate
- Intelligent caching
- Discovering and balancing
- Frameworks: Spring, Ocelot
- SaaS & PaaS: Amazon, Oracle, APIGee
- Servers: Nginx, OSS: Tyk, DreamFactory, Kong, Traefik

# Audit

- In the box since we have event sourcing
- ES for data aggregation

# Integration service

- Data aggregation from different microservices
- Transfer data from one format to another
- Data adaptation
- Validation and data integrity
- Use the serverless lambdas
- SaaS & PaaS: Amazon, Google cloud functions
- OSS: OpenLambda, Serverless Framework, Kubeless

# Unique ID

- Don't use auto-increment for ID at all
- Don't generate any ID in the domain services
- Use UUIDs
- Use sequences
- You can your own implementation or any based on Twitter's Snowflake

# DevOps

- Full team member
- Full time
- The right hand of architect

### Summary

- The microservices come to us for a long period
- The whole team need to realize the key benefit of the microservices architecture first: flexibility and adaptation
- Use best practices like as the event-driven approach, the event sourcing and CQRS, existing services and frameworks
- Don't miss DevOps!

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